以下重要提示已整合為信安強積金計劃600系列內之所有成分基金的重要提示。

The important notes below are consolidated with that of constituent funds under Principal MPF Scheme Series 600.

重要提示 Important Notes:

- 信安強積金計劃600系列(「計劃」)是一項強制性公積金計劃。本計劃由11個成分基金組成,涵蓋不同的基金類別,包括股票基金、債券基金、貨幣市場基金、保證基金、混合資產基金及其他。
 - Principal MPF Scheme Series 600 ("Scheme") is an MPF Scheme. The Scheme consists of 11 constituent funds, comprising the following fund types: equity fund, bond fund, money market fund, guaranteed fund, mixed assets fund and others.
- 本計劃內的信安長線保證基金只投資於由美國信安保險有限公司(「信安」)提供以保單形式成立的核准匯集投資基金,而有關保證亦由信安提供。因此, 您於信安長線保證基金的投資(如有)將受信安的信貸風險所影響。有關信用風險、保證特點及保證條件的詳情,請參閱本計劃的主要推銷刊物「信安長線保證基金」部份。
 - The Principal Long Term Guaranteed Fund under this Scheme invests solely in an approved pooled investment fund in the form of an insurance policy issued by Principal Insurance Company (Hong Kong) Limited ("**Principal**"). The guarantee is also provided by Principal. Your investments in the Principal Long Term Guaranteed Fund, if any, are therefore subject to the credit risk of Principal. Please refer to the "Principal Long Term Guaranteed Fund" section of the Principal Brochure of the Scheme for details of the credit risk, guarantee features and guarantee conditions.
- 信安,作為本計劃內的信安長線保證基金之擔保人,只於符合所列的保證條件的情況下提供本金保證及訂明的保證回報率。請注意若閣下將累算權益(i)由本計劃中的一個帳戶,轉移至本計劃中的另一個帳戶;(ii)由信安長線保證基金轉移至本計劃中的另一成分基金;或(iii)轉移至如「僱員自選一累算權益轉入或轉出本計劃」部份中分段(B)「權益轉出或於本計劃內轉移」內所述的其他強積金計劃內,閣下或失去保證權利。請參閱主要推銷刊物第10頁有關「保證的提供」部份以了解保證條款的詳情。同時,請注意,提取部份累算權益可能會影響您享有信安長線保證基金的保證資格。詳情請參考本計劃的主要推銷刊物第10頁的「保證的提供」及第13頁的「有關因退休或提早退休而提取部份累算權益的保證資格」。
 - Principal, the Guarantor of the Principal Long Term Guaranteed Fund under this Scheme, will only provide a guarantee of capital and a prescribed guarantee rate of return in certain specified circumstances. Please note that you may lose the guarantee entitlement if you have elected to transfer your accrued benefits in the Scheme (i) from an account within the Scheme to another account within the Scheme; (ii) from the Principal Long Term Guaranteed Fund to another constituent fund in the Scheme; or (iii) to another MPF scheme as described in the sub-section (B) "Transferring benefits from or within the Scheme" under the section "Employee's Choice Transferring accrued benefits to and from the Scheme of the Principal Brochure. Please refer to page 10 of the Principal Brochure under the section "Provision of Guarantee" for details of the guarantee conditions. Please also note that a partial withdrawal of accrued benefits may affect your guarantee entitlement under the Principal Long Term Guaranteed Fund. For details, please refer to the section "Provision of Guarantee" on page 10 and the section "Guarantee entitlement in respect of partial withdrawal of accrued benefits upon retirement or early retirement" on page 13 of the Principal Brochure of the Scheme.
- 如您現時投資於信安長線保證基金,當以罹患未期疾病的理由行使從該保證基金提取累算權益的權利可能影響您享有保證的資格及失去保證回報。有關 詳情請查閱本計劃的主要推銷刊物或於作出任何有關累算權益的提取前向您的受託人查詢。
 - If you are currently investing in Principal Long Term Guaranteed Fund, a withdrawal of the accrued benefits on ground of terminal illness may affect your entitlement to the guarantee and you may lose your guarantee. For details please check the Principal Brochure of the Scheme or consult your trustee before making any such withdrawal.
- 投資於信安港元儲蓄基金並不等同存款於銀行或接受存款公司及並不受存款保障計劃所保障。投資於該基金將受投資風險影響。 Investment in the Principal HK Dollar Savings Fund is different from placing deposits with a bank or deposit-taking company and is not protected by the Deposit Protection Scheme. Investment in this Fund will be subject to investment risks.
- 本計劃內的信安強積金保守基金不是一項保證基金,並不保證償還資本。強積金保守基金的收費可(i)透過扣除資產淨值收取;或(ii)透過扣除成員帳戶中的單位收取。本基金採用方式(i)收費,故所列之單位價格/資產淨值/基金表現已反映收費之影響。
 - The Principal MPF Conservative Fund under this Scheme is not a guaranteed fund and does not guarantee the repayment of capital. Fees and charges of a MPF conservative fund can be deducted from either (i) the assets of the fund or (ii) members' account by way of unit deduction. This fund uses method (i) and, therefore, unit prices/net asset value/fund performance quoted have incorporated the impact of fees and charges.
- 當您作出投資選擇前,您必須衡量個人可承受風險的程度及您的財政狀況。在選擇基金時,如您就某一項基金或預設投資策略(「預設投資」)是否適合您(包括是否符合您的投資目標)而有任何疑問,請徵詢財務及/或專業人士的意見,並因應您的個人狀況而選擇最適合您的基金或預設投資。
 You should consider your own risk tolerance level and financial circumstances before making any investment choices. When, in your selection of
- You should consider your own risk tolerance level and financial circumstances before making any investment choices. When, in your selection of funds, you are in doubt as to whether a certain fund or the Default Investment Strategy ("DIS") is suitable for you (including whether it is consistent with your investment objectives), you should seek financial and/or professional advice and choose the fund(s) or DIS most suitable for you, taking into account your own circumstances.
- 在投資於預設投資前,您應考慮個人可承受風險的程度及財政狀況。您應注意,信安核心累積基金與信安65歲後基金未必適合您,而且信安核心累積基金與信安65歲後基金和您的風險狀況之間可能存在風險錯配(所導致的投資組合風險或會高於您的風險偏好)。若您對於預設投資是否適合您存有任何疑問,您應徵詢財務及/或專業人士的意見,並因應您的個人狀況作出最適合您的投資決定。
 - You should consider your own tolerance level and financial circumstances before investing in DIS. You should note that the Principal Core Accumulation Fund and the Principal Age 65 Plus Fund may not be suitable for you, and there may be a risk mismatch between the Principal Core Accumulation Fund and the Principal Age 65 Plus Fund and your risk profile (the resulting portfolio risk may be greater than your risk preference). You should seek financial and/or professional advice if you are in doubt as to whether the DIS is suitable for you, and make the investment decision most suitable for you taking into account your circumstances.
- 您應注意,預設投資的實施或會影響您的強積金投資及權益。若您對於會如何受到影響存有疑問,您應諮詢受託人。 You should note that the implementation of the DIS may have an impact on your MPF investments and benefits. You should consult with the Trustee if you have doubts on how you are being affected.
- 請謹記,若您沒有作出任何投資選擇,則您所作出的供款及/或轉移至本計劃的權益,將被投資於預設投資。 In the event that you do not make any investment choices, please be reminded that any contributions made and/or benefits transferred into this Scheme will be invested into the DIS.
- 投資涉及風險。基金價值可升可跌。過往表現並不表示將來會有類似表現。您的投資可能須承受重大虧損。投資回報並無保證,投資者未必能取回全部投資本金。您不應單靠此宣傳品作出投資決定。您必須參閱本計劃的主要推銷刊物,以便獲得進一步資料(包括成分基金的投資政策、風險因素、費用及收費)。
 - Investment involves risks. The value of the funds may go up or down. The past performance is not indicative of future performance. Your investment may suffer significant loss. There is no assurance on investment returns and you may not get back the amount originally invested. You should not invest in reliance on this marketing material alone. You should read the Principal Brochure of the Scheme for further details (including investment policy, risk factors, fee and charges of the constituent funds).

註釋 Note:

- 1 提供基金支出比率(FER)旨在讓計劃成員據以估算基金投資的開支總額,包括成分基金以下集體投資計劃(簡稱「CIS」)所引致的成本。計劃成員須直接支付的開支則不包括在內。所有成分基金刊載於此宣傳品的基金支出比率(FER)的資料截至2017年12月31日。信安強積金保守基金,信安恒指基金,信安亞洲債券基金,信安核心累積基金和信安65歲後基金項下只有N類單位。其他成分基金項下有D類單位和I類單位。D類和I類單位將具有(i)信安長線保證基金項下不同的保證收益率,及(ii)每種成分基金項下有不同的年費和基金管理費。
 - 在受限於受託人的至權酌情權的前提下,(i)D類單位將不會提供給於2004年10月1日或該日之後加入本計劃的僱主、僱員及自僱人士;及(ii)個人帳戶成員 只可選擇類單位。若基金的基金表現概覽報告日與基金的成立日相隔不足二年,便無須提供基金的基金支出比率。
 - The purpose of Fund Expense Ratio (FER) is to provide a measure of the total level of expenses incurred in investing through a fund, including the costs incurred at lower level Collective Investment Schemes (CIS) but not including those expenses paid directly by the scheme member. Data of the FER of all constituent funds in this marketing material is as of 31 December 2017. There are only Class N units under the Principal MPF Conservative Fund, Principal Hang Seng Index Tracking Fund, Principal Asian Bond Fund, Principal Core Accumulation Fund and Principal Age 65 Plus Fund. For other constituent funds, there are Class D units and Class I units. The Class D and Class I units will have (i) different rates of guarantee under the Principal Long Term Guaranteed Fund, and (ii) different rates of annual fee and management fee under each constituent fund. Subject to the sole discretion of the trustee of the Scheme, (i) the Class D Units will not be made available to employers, employees and self-employed persons who join the Scheme on or after 1 October 2004; and (ii) personal account members and will be subject to the Class I Units only. However, it is not required to indicate the fund expense ratio (FER) if the period between the reporting date of the fund fact sheet and the inception date for the fund is less than 2 years.
- 2 基金風險標記是指成分基金的波幅,並根據成分基金過往三年按月回報率計算的年度標準差而計算。若基金的基金表現概覽報告日與基金的成立日相隔不足三年,便無須提供基金風險標記。一般來說,基金風險標記的百分比數字越大,代表波幅相對較高,因此成分基金的風險也可能較高。
- The Fund Risk Indicator refers to the volatility of a constituent fund which is calculated as an annualized standard deviation based on the monthly rates of return of the constituent fund over the past three years. However, it is not required to indicate the risk indicator if the period between the reporting date of the fund fact sheet and the inception date for the fund is less than 3 years. Generally, the higher the percentage of Fund Risk Indicator, the more volatility and therefore higher risk of the constituent fund may imply.
- 3 風險/回報程度合共有四級別:低,中等,中等至高及高。各成分基金的風險/回報程度由本計劃的投資經理,信安資金管理(亞洲)有限公司,根據過往 波幅(即回報的年度標準誤差)及計劃中成分基金的相對風險水平而分類。風險/回報程度的分類將由投資經理每年作出檢討並只提供作參考用途。
 - The Risk/Return Spectrum includes 4 level of risks: Low, Moderate, Moderate to High and High. The classifications of Risk/Return Profile for each constituent fund are determined by the Investment Manager of the Scheme, Principal Asset Management Company (Asia) Limited, based on past volatility (i.e. annualized standard deviation of returns) and relative risk levels among the constituent funds in the Scheme. The classifications of Risk/Return Profile will be reviewed by the Investment Manager on an annual basis and are provided for reference only.
- 4 資料數據來源:信安資金管理(亞洲)有限公司。所有單位類別之成分基金表現均以基金貨幣,按資產淨值對資產淨值、股息再投資計算。 (註:就I類單位而言,2011年12月30日之前的資產淨值並不反映從成員帳戶中以扣除成分基金單位的方式所扣除的費用及收費。因此,I類單位自成立日 到2011年12月29日之成分基金表現數據已作出調整,以反映上述成分基金單位的扣除。而2011年12月30日起所有成分基金表現數據則按資產淨值對資產淨值計算。)
 - Source of data: Principal Asset Management Company (Asia) Limited. For all unit classes, constituent fund performance is calculated in fund currency, based on NAV to NAV, dividend reinvested.
 - (Note: For Class I Units, the NAV before 30 December 2011 do not reflect the fees and charges that were deducted from members' accounts by way of unit deduction. Therefore, performance figures shown include adjustments to reflect such unit deduction for class I Units from inception date to 29 December 2011. All performance figures following 30 December 2011 are calculated based on NAV to NAV.)
- 5 資料數據來源:信安資金管理(亞洲)有限公司。所有成分基金單位類別之「平均成本法」均以基金貨幣、按累積回報計算。「平均成本法」是指於一段長時間內以固定的金額作定期投資,有如強積金供款一般。當您定期投資一筆固定金額於同一基金上,在價格低的時候可買入較多基金單位;相反,在高位時則買入較少單位,此方法可拉平市場價格的上落,從而在投資期內,令整體投資的實質平均成本較資產的平均價格為低。在我們的説明中,假設定額港元\$1,000於相關成分基金成立後每個月最後一天供款到相關的成分基金。
 - Source of data: Principal Asset Management Company (Asia) Limited. For all unit classes, Dollar Cost Averaging (DCA) of constituent fund is calculated in fund currency, based on cumulative return. "Dollar Cost Averaging" is the method of investing regularly with a fixed amount in a long-term period. Making monthly MPF contributions is a good example. By investing a fixed amount regularly, you buy more fund units when the prices are low, and buy less when the prices are high. As a result, the overall average cost of units can be lower than the average unit price over the investment period. In our illustration, it assumes that a fixed amount of HK\$1,000 is contributed to the relevant constituent fund on the last calendar day each month since the launch of the relevant constituent fund.
- 6 資料數據來源:信安資金管理(亞洲)有限公司。Source of data: Principal Asset Management Company (Asia) Limited.
- 7 由於四捨五入關係,投資分佈總和未必相等100%。Sum of investments allocation may not equal 100% due to rounding.

本宣傳品之發行人:信安資金管理(亞洲)有限公司 Issuer of this material: Principal Asset Management Company (Asia) Limited

信安65歲後基金 Principal Age 65 Plus Fund



截至2019年3月31日 As at 31/3/2019

成立至公

2018

-2.15



投資目標 Investment Objective

透過環球分散方式投資為成員提供平穩增值的退休積蓄。本成分基金以港元為貨幣單位。

To provide stable growth for the retirement savings to members by investing in a globally diversified manner. The fund is denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

基金資料 Fund Information

成立日期 Inception Date

基本貨幣 Base Currency

基金總值 Fund Size 投資經理

Investment Manager

基金類型 Fund Descriptor

基金支出比率¹ Fund Expense Ratio

基金風險標記^{2,4} Fund Risk Indicator 風險/回報程度³

風險/回報程度³ Risk/Return Spectrum 2017年4月1日 1 April 2017

港元 HK Dollar

HK\$42.4 million 百萬港元

信安資金管理(亞洲)有限公司

Principal Asset Management Company (Asia) Limited

Asia) Limited

混合資產基金-環球-股票約佔20% Mixed Assets Fund - Global - Equity around 20%

N類單位 Class N 不適用 N.A.

N類單位 Class N 不適用 N.A.



十大投資 Top Ten Holdings⁶ (%)

Treasury Note 2.375 31-Jan-2023 31/01/2023	0.55
Treasury Note 2.75 30-Sep-2020 30/09/2020	0.50
微軟公司 Microsoft Corp	0.38
蘋果公司 Apple Inc	0.38
Treasury Note 2.625 15-Nov-2020 15/11/2020	0.37
United States Treasury Note/Bond-2.25% 15/08/2027	0.34
Treasury Note 1.625 31-May-2023 31/05/2023	0.33
Treasury Note 2.375 15-May-2027 15/05/2027	0.33
Treasury Bond 3.0 15-Nov-2045 15/11/2045	0.33
亞馬遜公司 Amazon.com Inc	0.32

基金評論 Fund Commentary

宏觀經濟數據進一步改善。我們的暫行全球製造業採購經理指數(PMI)錄得升幅,皆因雖然德國疲弱,但美國及中國採購經理指數(PMI)上行足以抵消。我們的全球工業生產主要指標仍顯示增長低於趨勢水平,但已呈現見底跡象。經濟驚喜輕微向上,但超出預期的幅度偏低。各國央行均持鴿派取向,特別是聯儲局和歐洲央行(ECB)更將孳息全面壓低。全球共有27個國家的孳息下說,只有兩國上升。信貸息差保持平穩,主權債券表現領先息差產品。儘管增長放緩,但股市期內擊升。隨着金融環境變得實鬆,聯儲局於歐洲央行(ECB)的態度明顯轉溫和,此外中國亦提供貨幣及財政支持,推行刺激增長的措施。最新公佈的李度業績(2018年第四季)相當疲弱,然而由下而上的盈利環境已漸趨平穩,盈利修訂比率更錄得升幅,但向下修訂仍比向上修訂多。各投資組合均按照各自的策略性資產分配目標管理。股票投資分散於美國、歐洲及亞洲,債券部份則投放於以世界主要貨幣計價的主權債券和投資級別公司債券,此外並持有部份短期投資/現金作為流動及平衡風險之

Macro-economic data recovered at the margin. Our provisional global manufacturing PMI index moved up as US and Chinese PMIs compensated for the weakness in Germany. Our leading indicator for global industrial production continued to signal below trend growth but showed signs of bottoming out. Economic surprises turned slightly positive, though the beat was of low quality. Dovish central banks, particularly the Fed and ECB pushed yields lower across the board. 27 countries saw lower yields, just 2 higher. Credit spreads were stable. Sovereigns outperformed spread products. Equities grinded higher despite sluggish growth. Significantly easier financial conditions helped as both the Fed and ECB turned distinctly dovish to add to growth initiatives in China through monetary and fiscal support. The bottom-up earnings environment showed signs of stabilizing, despite a rather weak reporting season (4Q '18). The earnings revision ratios even ticked up though downgrades still exceeded upgrades. The portfolios are being managed in line with their strategic asset allocation targets. The equities exposure is diversified across US, Europe and Asia, while the bond portion is invested into sovereign bonds and investment grade corporate bonds denominated in world's major currencies. The portfolios also carry some amount of short-term investments/cash for liquidity and risk purposes.

基金表現 Fund Performance

2014

不適用

N.A.

N類單位

Class N

	年初至今 YTD	1年 1 year	3年 3 years	5年 5 years	10年 10 years	Since Inception
累積回報	Cumulative Retu	rn ⁴ (%)				
N類單位 Class N	4.25	2.38	不適用 N.A.	不適用 N.A.	不適用 N.A.	5.42
年均表現	Annualized Retur	rn ⁴ (%)				
N類單位 Class N	不適用 N.A.	2.38	不適用 N.A.	不適用 N.A.	不適用 N.A.	2.69
平均成本法 Dollar Cost Averaging ⁵ (%)						
N類單位 Class N	2.54	2.71	不適用 N.A.	不適用 N.A.	不適用 N.A.	2.97
曆年回報	Calendar Year Re	eturn ⁴ (%)				

表現自成立日起 Performance Since Inception N類單位 Class N⁴

不適用

N.A.

2016

不適用

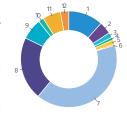
N.A

2017

3.35*



投資分佈 Asset Allocation Breakdown^{6,7} (%)



1	北美股票 North America Equities	11.6
2	歐洲股票 Europe Equities	4.1
3	日本股票 Japan Equities	1.7
4	中國/香港股票 China/Hong Kong Equities	1.0
5	其他亞太股票 Other Asia Pacific Equities	1.5
6	其他國家股票 Other Country Equities	0.4
7	美元債券 USD Bonds	40.7
8	歐元債券 Euro Bonds	21.2
9	亞太(港元除外)債券 Asia Pacific ex HKD	7.1
	Bonds	
10	港元債券 HKD Bonds	1.8
11	其他貨幣債券 Other Currency Bonds	6.1
12	現金及定期存款 Cash and Time Deposit	2.8

* 信安65歲後基金成立於2017年4月1日。該基金N類單位的2017曆年回報反映由成立日(2017年4月1日)至該年年底(2017年12月31日)的表現,並不代表整年回報。
Principal Age 65 Plus Fund is launched on 1 April 2017. The 2017 calendar year return for Class N Units of the Fund represents performance from inception date (1 April 2017) to that calendar year-end (31 December 2017), which is not a full year return.